Dear editor

None of us until now has fully understood how coronavirus spreads so tremendously and affects the world. However, in this situation, when the world is under an unusual crisis, experienced dentists can help us to draw reasonable conclusions about what are the emergency precautions required to deal with patients during daily dental practice and what precautions can help to protect the community and the dental profession against this pandemic.

In April 2020, most of the dental clinics closed and the major reason behind it was the worry about patient safety as nobody clearly knew how contagious Coronavirus Infection Disease-19 (COVID-19) really was. The National Center for Disease Control in Libya (NCDC) is concerned about the spread of the virus and its person-to-person transmission, which creates a complex situation.

On March 2020, correspondence was sent from the Libyan Dental Association to NCDC regarding the functioning of dental clinics in private and public sectors, as a special protocol has been developed by the committee in charge of the syndicate, on how to abide by the protocol and work in accordance with the standards of correspondence of the union. There was a special form that is filled out for each patient before the start of treatment and other procedures that are taken for documentation and reference.

Since most of the routine dental care during the beginning of epidemic was not available, it was expected that more patients would seek emergency dental care. The most common reasons for patients to visit an emergency dental care setting are acute dental pulpal, abscess, periapical lesion or cellulitis.

On March 2020, the American Dental Association (ADA) proposed that dentists defer all elective procedures and provide only emergency dental care and take standard precautions based on Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidance. Acute pulpal pain, periapical lesion, cellulitis, bleeding post-extraction, temporomandibular joint dislocation and fracture of maxilla or mandible are the urgent dental treatment provided in this situation.

Protective coveralls, surgical gloves, N95 face mask, thermometer, protective face shield, gown, and head and foot covers are the preventive

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measures taken. However, the most concerning issue in the dental clinic is the SARS-CoV-2 transmission by aerosol and droplet because, as even given all precautions, the production of droplets and aerosols during dental treatment is very difficult to minimize to nil. Instructions that should be followed during emergency dental procedures include:

- Use of disposable kits for dental examination.
- Use of rubber dam in case of employing a high-speed hand piece.
- Avoid use of water and air spray unless strictly necessary.
- Use of high suction volume.
- Use wrappings for dental chair and door handles and change it after every patient.
- In cases where surgical suturing is required, sutures should be absorbable.
- Patient should wear head and foot covers.
- It is forbidden to bring friends or family to the clinic.
- Patient should rinse with 1% hydrogen peroxide or 0.2% povidone-iodine before the start of treatment. Keeping surfaces clean and dry can play a significant role in preventing transmission SARS-CoV-2. In case of confirmed or suspected patient with COVID-19, these guidelines must be considered by the dentist.

The dental staff should always be careful to keep the patients, the community and themselves in a healthy environment.

REFERENCES.